

## **A study of the nature of Municipal organizations of non-political power**

Yin yifen

(pp. 465)

*To establish Municipal organizations of non-political power, Clarification of the nature of the organization is a prerequisite. There are two possibilities for the nature of Municipal organizations of non-political power, one is semi-official organization, and the other is civil organization. If oriented civil organization, there are also two directions that is general civil organization and autonomous organization of community. In addition, which function matters more is a key question in the study of Municipal organizations of non-political power. The paper analyzes a few possibilities for the nature of Municipal organizations of non-political power and points out the study of the organization deals with many political, administrative and governance problems.*

## **Community Conflict, Middle-Range Governance and Municipality Reconstruction**

Jiang Shanshan

(pp. 479)

*The idea of rebuilding 'Non-regime Municipal Organ' is put forward by Macao SAR government recently, which initiates a hot social discussion. This study traces the municipal history of Macao briefly, analyzes the current needs for municipality reconstruction mainly in the perspectives of community governance and provides the municipal institutional design generally. This paper argues that under the condition of great changes in post-1999 Macao, the reasons of rebuilding 'Non-regime Municipal Organ' not only lie in meeting the requirements of Basic Law of the Macao Special Administrative Region, but also deeply root in the need to manage the increasing community conflicts. Restoring the 'Non-regime Municipal Organ', the nature of which is middle-range design in political system, is the possible way to achieve good governance in local community and reduce pressure in Macao politics.*

## An Analysis of Some Issues Concerning the Establishment of Non-Government Municipal Organizations

Zhuang Zhenzhen, Zhuang Yongshen

(pp. 499)

*The government of Macao Special Administrative Region plans to prescribe the functions, powers and structure of the municipal organizations by law in 2017. Therefore, it is necessary for us to study the issue of municipal organizations which are not organs of political power, combined with the legislative intent of the Basic Law and the realities of Macao. This article focuses on the development of Macao's municipal organs since 1583, introduces the origin of the problem of municipal organs, states the legislative background of municipal organizations which are not organs of political power under the Macao Basic Law and also explains the meaning of relevant provisions. Meantime, this article attempts to analyze the development trends and other relative issues on Macao's municipal organizations, indicates that the nature, functions and powers of the municipal organizations can learn from the relevant experiences of the District Councils of Hong Kong, the Neighborhood Committees of Mainland China and the public sectors of Macao. Meanwhile, when it comes to the operation of Macao's municipal organizations, in particular the method for the selection of the members of the municipal organizations, it should be considered with the current and future political and social situations of Macao.*

## ON THE EVOLUTION AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT OF MUNICIPAL Institution OF MACAO

Lam Soi Kuong

(pp. 521)

*Re-establishing the municipal institutions is significant to the government public services improvement. However, the re-establishment contains various considerations such as its historical backgrounds, department duties, regulations and people's livelihood etc. This paper will first review the development of municipal institutions in their perspectives, then to introduce the municipal institutions setup in Europe and USA. Finally, considering with the Basic Law framework and the actual situation in Macao, to discuss about the establishment of non-political municipal organizations regime in the future.*

## The Duty of Loyalty of the Directors of the Companies in Macau, Special Administrative Region (Art.º 235.º, Paragraph 2, of the Macau Commercial Code) - Some notes

Hugo Luz dos Santos

(pp. 537)

*This article emphasize its analysis on the duty of loyalty of the companies managing directors in Macau, Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China and in Portugal. In this scope, this study scrutinize the lost of chance scholarship, regarded as a mechanism of illicit appropriation of corporate opportunities by the companies directors. Moreover, the current scholarship paper preconize, as far as the duty of loyalty legal framework is concerned, the mobilization of some north-American scholarship categories, namely caremark claims.*

*Likewise, the scope of the present scholarship paper is to scrutinize the utmost respect, which is due by the companies directors, for the right of acquiring property of the companies, and, inherently, its legal framework enshrined on the article 235, n. 2 of the Macau's Comercial Code of 1999; taking in to account that the above mentioned respect for the right of acquiring property by the companies is inherent (one might say that they are inextricably linked) to the fiduciary duties of the companies directors, namely the duty ou care, and, thus, the duty of loyalty.*

*In order to analyze that (fiduciary duties of the companies directors, namely the duty of loyalty) this scientific article preconizes, furthermore, the mobilization of some German, North American, and English Supreme courts decisions.*

## The Development and Transition of Macao society in First Half of the 20th Century

Lou Shenghua

(pp. 579)

*Influenced by the changes of world affairs and political situation of China and Portugal, Macao Society has experienced great changes from politic system to daily life in first half of the 20th century. In politics, the centralized system ruled by the Governor with super political powers was established. For Self-preservation, the foreign policies of Macao government swayed precari-*

*ously with the changes of external political situation and interior political powers. The economic condition was in dilemma. No money for Social relief works among the refugees, but special industry was booming, for example gaming industry. Culture and education had a rare opportunity to develop and formed the base of the future in Macao.*

**D. Arquimínio Rodrigues da Costa , Bishop of Macao (1976-1988)**

António Aresta

(pp. 599)

*This work presents us, in general lines, the evaluation of the last portuguese bishop of Macau, D. Arquimínio Rodrigues da Costa (1976-1988) actions, as well as his educational and religious thoughts. It's part of Macau's contemporary and of the portuguese-chinese relationships that is important to preserve to future memory.*